

# Mode matching

## Literature



- Laser Beams and Resonators

H. Kogelnik et al., Applied Optics **5**, 1550 (1966)

## Mirror configuration

### Parameter

- Radius of curvature of mirror R1:  $R_1 = 1 \text{ m}$
- Radius of curvature of mirror R2:  $R_2 = \infty$  (Incoupling side)
- Wavelength:  $\lambda = 1.55 \times 10^{-6} \text{ nm}$
- Length between the resonator mirrors:  $L = 485 \text{ mm}$
- Beam radius at waist:  $w_0$
- Beam radius at mirror:  $w_1, w_2$
- Stability parameter of the resonator:  $g_1, g_2$
- Distance between mirror and the waist:  $t_1, t_2$

## Beam waist calculation from resonator

$$g_1 = \frac{L}{R_1} \quad \text{and} \quad g_2 = \frac{L}{R_2}$$

From thesis of Sana:

- Beam Radii,  $1/e^2$  of the intensity

$$w_1 = \sqrt{\frac{L \cdot \pi \cdot \lambda}{g_1 \cdot (1 - g_1) \cdot (1 + g_1)}} \quad w_2 = \sqrt{\frac{L \cdot \pi \cdot \lambda}{g_2 \cdot (1 - g_2) \cdot (1 + g_2)}} \quad \text{From Appl. Opt. 5, 1550 (1966):}$$

$$w_1 = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda \cdot R_1}{(R_1 - L) \cdot (R_1 + R_2 - L)}} \quad w_2 = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda \cdot R_2}{(R_2 - L) \cdot (R_1 + R_2 - L)}} \quad w_0 = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda \cdot L}{(R_1 - L) \cdot (R_2 - L) \cdot (R_1 + R_2 - L) \cdot ((R_1 + R_2 - 2L)^2)}} \quad \text{In our case:}$$

$$w_2 = w_0 \quad \text{Position of the beam waist from the two mirrors:}$$

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$$t_1 = \frac{R_2 - L}{R_1 + R_2 - 2L} \quad t_2 = \frac{R_1 - L}{R_1 + R_2 - 2L}$$

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