

Cavity spectrum: plan/curved mirror

Calculates the cavity spectrum and the frequency distance between TEM_00 and higher order modes m+n. Two curved mirrors possible. Programm made by T. Legero.

Parameter

- Radius of curvature of mirror R1: R1 = 1 m
- Radius of curvature of mirror R2: R2 = 1000000000 m
- Cavity Length: L = 0.48 m
- Reflectivity of mirrors: R = 0.99998
- Speed of light: c = 299792458 m/s

Step 1: Calculate the Free-Spectral-Rang and Gouy-Phase

- Free-Spectral-Rang: FSR
- Gouy-Phase: Gouy

$$\text{FSR} = \frac{c}{2L} \quad \text{Gouy} = \frac{\pi}{c} \cdot \arccos \left(\sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{L}{R_1}}{1 + \frac{L}{R_2}}} \right)$$

⇒

- FSR = 312.284 MHz
- Gouy = 76.0824 MHz

Step 2: Calculate the frequency difference between TEM_00 and TEM_mn

- TEM mode number: mn
- Next TEM_00: w
- Frequency difference between TEM_00 and TEM_mn: Delta

$$\Delta = FSR \cdot mn \cdot Gouy$$

- Define maximum of mn and w:
 - mn_max = 100
 - w_max = 100
- Define maximum of shown frequency difference to TEM_00:
 - abs(delta(mn,w)) < 10E6
- Frequency difference von (q-w)ter höherer Mode mn zu q-ter TEM_00-Mode (Matrix):

$$\Delta(mn,w) = w \cdot FSR - mn \cdot Gouy$$

⇒

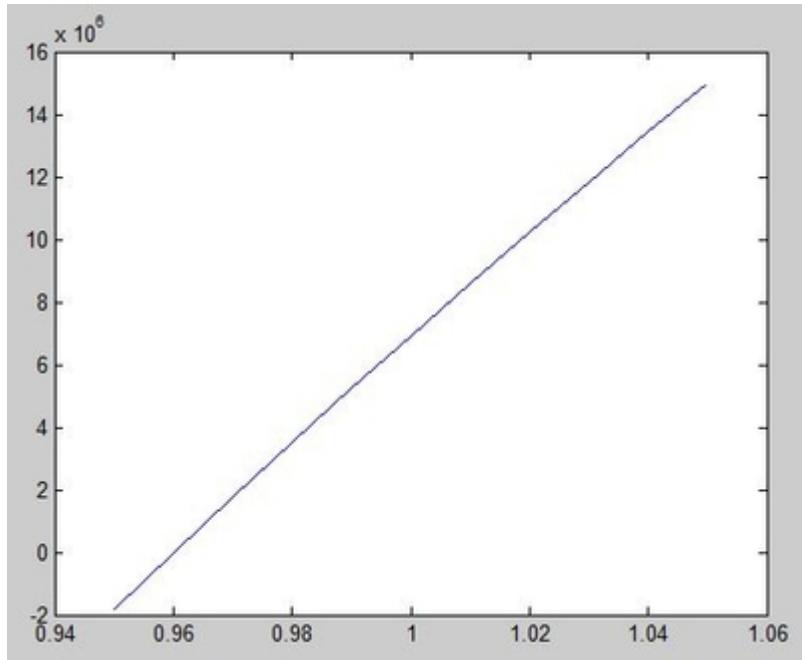
Freq. diff. of $m+n = 4$ higher order mode to 00-mode is 7.95436 MHz
Freq. diff. of $m+n = 37$ higher order mode to 00-mode is -4.49309 MHz
Freq. diff. of $m+n = 41$ higher order mode to 00-mode is 3.46128 MHz
Freq. diff. of $m+n = 74$ higher order mode to 00-mode is -8.98616 MHz
Freq. diff. of $m+n = 78$ higher order mode to 00-mode is -1.03181 MHz
Freq. diff. of $m+n = 82$ higher order mode to 00-mode is 6.92256 MHz

Step 3: Calculate the frequency difference between TEM_00 and the nearest TEM_nm

- Define the Modenumber of Higher-Order-Mode to plot (next Mode to 00):
 - $mn = 3$
- Define the Vary Mirror-Curvature:
 - $R = 0.95:0.01:1.05$
- Frequency difference between TEM_00 and TEM_mn:

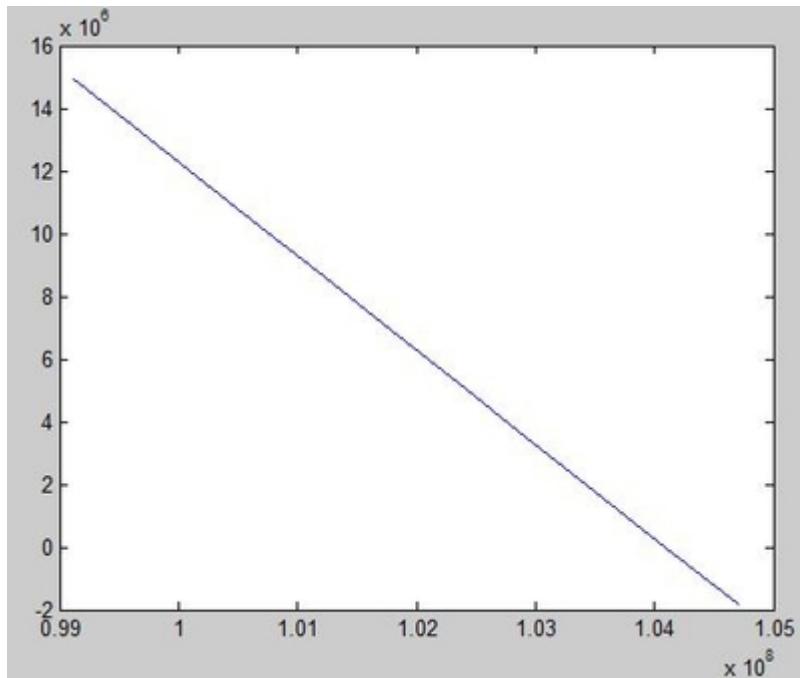
$\$ \$ \Delta = FSR - mn \cdot Gouy \$ \$$

- $\text{plot}(R, \Delta)$ [Important!]:

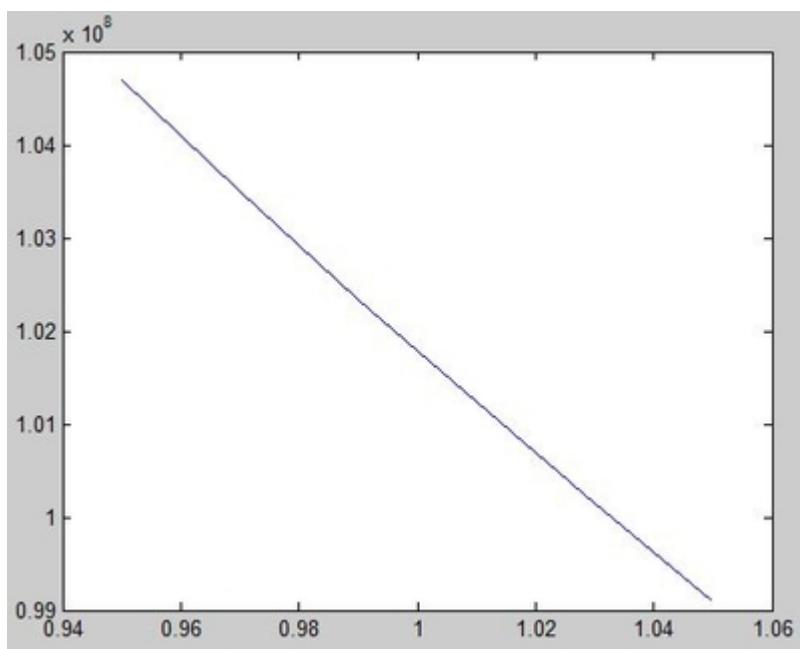


Achtung: ROC wird hoffentlich >1m werden, damit die $m+n = 3$ Mode weiter weg ist!

- $\text{plot}(Gouy, \Delta)$:



- `plot(R,Gouy):`



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