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Clocklaser

ECDL (downstairs)

The laser consists of a MOPA in littman-configuration. The diode runs at 80 mA (7-10 mW seed-power) and the TA at typically 800 mA (output power \sim 100 mW) The laser frequency can be controlled by a piezo and jumps cyclicly with linear length change. An intra-ECDL-etalon is used to course-adjust the frequency and jump-ranges. **Do not** use the laser-diode current to change the frequency.

Typical power values

Laser diode: 7-10 mW @ 80 mA

• TA: 100 mW @ 800 mA

Power infront of fiber going upstairs: 30 mW

• Power for the double-pass AOMs: ~ 10 mW

Power infront of the clock-resonators: 100 μW



Werte checken

Tapered amplifier (upstairs)

Typical power values

Seedpower: min 10 mW

• Outputpower:~ 800 mW @ 2.2 A

Max outpupower related to the datasheet: 1.5 W @ 3 A

The system was build by Sina Malobabic and is described in her diplomathesis.

• EYP-TPA-0915-01500-3006-CMT03-0000

SHG

Typical power values

Outputower: ~ 120 mW

Power transfered through the fiber: 20 mW

Power behind the lattice mirror: ~7 - 8 mW

 $\label{localization} \begin{tabular}{ll} update: \\ 2016/04/14 \end{tabular} groups: mg: experiment: laser: clock laser: https://iqwiki.iqo.uni-hannover.de/doku.php?id=groups: mg: experiment: laser: clock laser: krev=1460646028 \end{tabular}$

SHG Photodiode is saturated for full TA power.

- SHG beamprofil has some additional spots on one side
- SHG beam direction of the blue beam changes with the TA power → Adjust at maximal power.

https://iqwiki.iqo.uni-hannover.de/ - IQwiki

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